

Daniel 9:24-27

70 Weeks (Analyzing the Numbers)

A. Definition of *Weeks* in Hebrew

1. Hebrew Translation: *shabua*. Definition is “a period of seven (days, years), heptad, week” (Strong’s Concordance H7620, biblehub.com)
2. In Hebrew, the word translated as weeks is actually the word sevens or Hebrew word *shavium* (Note: from my study *shavium* and *shabua* is the same word in the Hebrew transliteration) meaning sevens can refer to seven of anything. **Its exact meaning depends upon its content.** (christinprophecy.org, *Daniel’s 70 Weeks of Years*).
3. NIV translated weeks as sevens in nine.
4. In conclusion, weeks can mean any form of sevens (days, weeks, years).
Seven years is a week of years in Dan 9:24-27.

B. Bible Month and Year

1. Bible months are 30 days (Gen 7:11, 12,24; 8:3-4; Rev 11:1-3)
2. 12 months in a year
3. (30 x 12=360)

C. Daniel 9:24-27 Timeline

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1. Seven Weeks or Sevens (Dan 9:25, which is 49 years-Why it is years, read Section A). Seven days in a week x seven weeks=Forty-nine years or Seven sevens

2. Sixty-two Weeks or Sevens (Dan 9:25). $7 \text{ days in a week} \times 62 \text{ weeks} = 434$ years or 62 sevens.
 - a. Dan 9:25: $49 \text{ years} + 434 \text{ years} = 483 \text{ years}$
 - b. The “commandment to restore and to built Jerusalem” (Dan 9:25) While various dates exist, the best I believe is March 14, 445 B.C.
 - c. “Unto the Messiah the Prince” (Dan 9:25). Palm Sunday was the day Jesus rode into Jerusalem as king, fulfilling the prophecy of Zech 9:9. It was the last day of the 7 weeks or sevens and 62 weeks or sevens.
 - d. Number 1 and 2 on the timeline is 483 years
3. Space of time between Jesus’ riding into Jerusalem and the start of the tribulation in number four on the timeline. Number three is the time of Jesus’ death, burial, and resurrection. Also, the Church Age is during this time.
4. The Anti-Christ confirms an agreement and the start of last week or seven starts.
 - a. In the midst of the week, the Anti-Christ commits evil in the temple (Dan 9:27 and 2 Thess 2:4).
5. After number 4 is done on the timeline, Dan 9:24 is fulfilled. Jesus returns.

D. The Math

1. $7 \text{ weeks} + 62 \text{ weeks} = 69 \text{ weeks}$
2. For this prophecy, weeks really means weeks of years (read Section A)
3. There are seven days in a week (which there is seven years in each week of years).

4. $7 \times 69 = 483$ years
5. 483×360 (bible Year) $= 173,880$ days
6. In our (Gregorian) calendar, there are 365 days in a year. Divide 173,880 days /365= 476.38 years.
7. Using the 476 years (not the numbers after the decimal), there are 173,740 days (476×365)
8. Leap years (true length of a year is 365.2422 days). If you divide $476/4 = 119$. With our Gregorian calendar, there are 97 leap years out of 400. Since there are three less leap years every 400 years, you would need to subtract (at least) 3 days from the 119 to get 116 leap days.
9. Add 173,740 days + 116 leap days $= 173,856$
10. 173,856 is 24 days short of 173,880 days of the prophecy (D5)
11. Going from March 14, 445 BC (2B) through March 13, 32 AD is 476 years (including leap years). Add 24 days, which bring you to April 6, 32 AD. (Note: There was no year 0. It went from 1 BC to 1 AD).
April 6, 32 AD is the day; (according to the math and information used) that Jesus came into Jerusalem on Palm Sunday.
12. While many give a 30 AD date for Jesus' death, burial, and resurrection, there is not 100% agreement. The main reason people believe Jesus died in 30 AD is because Herod the Great was supposed to have died in 4 BC, which is debatable. Herod the Great dying in 4 BC would have given Jesus an earlier birth date.